Company Registration No. 82321 (Republic of Ireland
TREOIR THE NATIONAL FEDERATION OF SERVICES FOR UNMARRIED PARENTS AND THEIR CHILDREN COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Thomas Quigley

Ciara McKenna Ruth Barrington June Tinsley Deirdre Pemberton Marian Barnard

Liam Kirwan (Appointed 25 July 2017)

Secretary Deirdre Pemberton

Company number 82321

CHY (Revenue) number 8877

Registered Charity number 20022211

Registered office 14 Gandon House

Custom House Square

D02 H683

Auditors Browne Murphy & Hughes

Chartered & Certified Accountants

& Registered Auditors, 28 Upper Fitzwilliam Street,

Dublin 2.

Business address 14 Gandon House,

Custom House Square,

IFSC, Dublin 1.

Bankers Bank of Ireland

Lower Baggot Street

Dublin 2

Officers Details Dr. Ruth Barrington (Chairperson)

Deirdre Pemberton (Secretary) Liam Kirwan (Treasurer)

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' report	1 - 2
Directors' responsibilities statement	3
Independent auditor's report	4 - 6
Income and expenditure account	7
Statement of comprehensive income	8
Balance sheet	9
Statement of changes in equity	10
Notes to the financial statements	11 - 18

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of providing support and service to umarried parents and their children.

The organisation complies with The Governance Code for the Community, Voluntary and Charitable Sector in Ireland.

Directors and secretary

This is a company limited by guarantee and not having a share capital.

Thomas Quigley

Christina Hughes (Resigned 28 June 2017) Louise Graham (Resigned 28 June 2017)

Ciara McKenna

Ruth Barrington

Breda Collins (Resigned 28 June 2017)

June Tinslev

Aisling Dowling-Deignan (Resigned 28 June 2017)

Deirdre Pemberton

Marian Barnard

Liam Kirwan (Appointed 25 July 2017)

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 7.

Accounting records

The company's directors are aware of their responsibilities, under sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014 as to whether in their opinion, the accounting records of the company are sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and are discharging their responsibility by employing qualified and/or experienced staff, and ensuring that sufficient company resources are available for the task, and liaising with the company's auditors.

The accounting records are held at the company's registered office, 14 Gandon House, Custom House Square, IFSC, Dublin 1.

Auditor

In accordance with the Companies Act 2014, section 383(2), Browne Murphy & Hughes continue in office as auditor of the company.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Statement of disclosure to auditor

Each of the directors in office at the date of approval of this annual report confirms that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware,
 and
- the director has taken all the steps that he / she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself / herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 330 of the Companies Act 2014.

Taxation status	
The company is a registered charity (CHY8877).	
On behalf of the board	
Deirdre Pemberton	Ruth Barrington
Director	Director

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (Generally accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland) issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the surplus or deficit of the company for that financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board	
Ruth Barrington	Deirdre Pemberton
Director	Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF TREOIR THE NATIONAL FEDERATION OF SERVICES FOR UNMARRIED PARENTS AND THEIR CHILDREN COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Treoir The National Federation of Services for Unmarried Parents and Their Children Company Limited by Guarantee (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the Income and Expenditure Account, the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity, and the related notes. The relevant financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its deficit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (Ireland) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting
 for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF TREOIR THE NATIONAL FEDERATION OF SERVICES FOR UNMARRIED PARENTS AND THEIR CHILDREN COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that in our opinion:

- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited, and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of our obligation under the Companies Act 2014 to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of director's remuneration and transactions specified by sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made.

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the IAASA's website at: http://www.iaasa.ie/Publications/Auditing-standards/International-Standards-on-Auditing-for-use-in-Ire/International-Standards-on-Auditing-(Ireland)/ISA-700-(Ireland). This description forms part of our auditor's report.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF TREOIR THE NATIONAL FEDERATION OF SERVICES FOR UNMARRIED PARENTS AND THEIR CHILDREN COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Jon Byrne
for and on behalf of Browne Murphy & Hughes
Chartered & Certified Accountants
& Registered Auditors,
28 Upper Fitzwilliam Street,
Dublin 2.

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Notes	Restricted Funds 2017 €	Unrestricted Funds 2017 €	Total 2017 €	Total 2016 €
Incoming resources					
Other Income	3	-	4,661	4,661	336
Charitable activities	3	398,724	22,184	420,908	465,750
Total incoming resources		398,724	26,845	425,569	466,086
Resources expended					
Raising funds		-	-	-	-
Charitable activities	4	(418,183)	(46,478)	(464,661)	(447,833)
Total resources expended		(418,183)	(46,478)	(464,661)	(447,833)
Net (deficit) /surplus for the financial year	5	(19,459)	(19,633)	(39,092)	18,253

The Income and Expenditure Account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	2017 €	2016 €
(Deficit)/surplus for the year	(39,092)	18,253
Other comprehensive income	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	(39,092)	18,253

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Notes	2017 €	€	2016 €	; €
	110100	•	•	•	•
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	7		2,467		-
Tangible assets	8		3,875		5,520
			6,342		5,520
Current assets					
Debtors	10	1,115		1,461	
Cash at bank and in hand		95,256		104,357	
		96,371		105,818	
Creditors: amounts falling due within	11			(
one year		(49,282)		(18,815)	
Net current assets			47,089		87,003
Total assets less current liabilities			53,431		92,523
Reserves					
Restricted funds	15		(8,327)		11,133
Unrestricted funds	15		61,758		81,390
Members' funds			53,431		92,523
The financial statements were approved by	y the boar	d of directors and aut	horised for iss	ue on	and
are signed on its behalf by:					
Duth Davis et al.		Deladas Desabertas			
Ruth Barrington		Deirdre Pemberton			
Director		Director			

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

		Income and expenditure account
	Notes	€
Balance at 1 January 2016		74,270
Year ended 31 December 2016: Surplus for the year		18,253
Balance at 31 December 2016		92,523
Year ended 31 December 2017: Deficit for the year		(39,092)
Balance at 31 December 2017		53,431

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Treoir The National Federation of Services for Unmarried Parents and Their Children Company Limited by Guarantee is a limited company domiciled and incorporated in Republic of Ireland. The registered office is 14 Gandon House, Custom House Square, IFSC, Dublin 1.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"), as adapted by Section 1A of FRS 102, and the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements are prepared in euros, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest €.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has applied the recommendations contained in Charities Statement of Recommended Practice (FRS 102) effective January 2015.

1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Income and expenditure

Income and expenses are included in the financial statements as they become receivable or due.

Expenses include VAT where applicable as the company cannot reclaim it.

1.4 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets acquired on business combinations are recognised separately from goodwill at the acquisition date if the fair value can be measured reliably.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery 33.33% Straight Line Fixtures, fittings & equipment 33.33% Straight Line

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FO	R	THE	YFAR	FNDFD	31 D	ECEMBER	2017
, ,	"	,,,,	ILAI	LNULU	31 L	LCLIVIDLI	2011

The gain and the c	The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceand the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the income and expenditure account.						

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in surplus or deficit, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial assets

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those held at fair value through surplus and deficit, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in surplus or deficit.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in surplus or deficit.

1.9 Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

1.10 Taxation

The company has obtained exemption from the Revenue Commissioners in respect of corporation tax, it being a company not carrying on a business for the purposes of making a profit. DIRT tax is payable on any interest income received in excess of €32.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1 Accounting policies

1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.12 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.13 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

2 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are outlined below.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

3 Income

The total income of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the Republic of Ireland.

	Other Income	Restricted Funds 2017 €	Unrestricted Funds 2017 €	Total 2017 €	Total 2016 €
	Sale of publications	-	15	15	126
	Irish Association of Social Workers	-	-	-	80
	Membership fees	-	650	650	130
	Other Income		3,996	3,996	
			4,661	4,661	336
	Charitable activities	Restricted	Unrestricted		
		Funds	Funds	Total	Total
		2017	2017	2017	2016
		€	€	€	€
	HSE	225,724	-	225,724	225,719
	Tusla	-	22,184	22,184	15,910
	Crisis pregnancy programme	173,000	-	173,000	187,000
	Citizens information board				37,121
		398,724	22,184	420,908	465,750
4	Analysis of charitable expenditure				
	·	Restricted	Unrestricted		
		Funds	Funds	Total	Total
		2017	2017	2017	2016
		€	€	€	€
	Support costs	407,432	46,478	453,910	441,571
	Governance costs	10,751		10,751	6,262
		418,183	46,478	464,661	447,833
5	Operating (deficit)/surplus				
	Operating (deficit)/surplus for the year is stat	ed after charging:		2017 €	2016 €
	Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets			3,065	3,209
	Amortisation of intangible assets			70	-
	Operating lease charges			51,593	49,732

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

6 Employees

The average monthly number of persons employed by the company during the year was:

	2017 Number	2016 Number
	7	6
Their aggregate remuneration comprised:		
	2017	2016
	€	€
Wages and salaries	253,251	275,622
Social security costs	26,806	29,127
Pension costs	9,842	16,731
	289,899	321,480
Redundancy payments made	32,000	-

The remuneration of key management personnel related to two people and totalled €46,428 in 2017 (2016: €64,003).

The number of employees whose remuneration is greater than €60,000 is nil (2016: nil).

7 Intangible fixed assets

	Intangible Assets
	€
Cost	
At 1 January 2017	11,069
Additions	2,537
At 31 December 2017	13,606
Amortisation and impairment	
At 1 January 2017	11,069
Amortisation charged for the year	70
At 31 December 2017	11,139
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2017	2,467
At 31 December 2016	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

8	Tangible fixed assets			
		Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Total
		€		€
	Cost			
	At 1 January 2017	98,765	25,183	123,948
	Additions		1,420	1,420
	At 31 December 2017	98,765	26,603	125,368
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 January 2017	93,245	25,183	118,428
	Depreciation charged in the year	2,760	305	3,065
	At 31 December 2017	96,005	25,488	121,493
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 December 2017	2,760	1,115	3,875
	At 31 December 2016	5,520	- -	5,520
9	Financial instruments			
			2017 €	2016 €
	Carrying amount of financial assets		_	_
	Debt instruments measured at amortised cost		95,256	104,805
	Carrying amount of financial liabilities			
	Measured at amortised cost		3,003	4,265
40	Debtere			
10	Debtors		2017	2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:		€	€
	Trade Debtors		-	32
	Other debtors		-	416
	Prepayments and accrued income		1,115	1,013
			1,115	1,461

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

11	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
			2017	2016
		Notes	€	€
	Trade creditors		1,203	2,750
	PAYE and social security		8,485	8,821
	Deferred income	12	34,400	-
	Other creditors		1,800	1,515
	Accruals		3,394	5,729
			49,282	18,815

The company received a grant of €34,400 in December 2017 from The Citizens Information Board (CIB). This funding is for 2018 activities and has therefore been deferred at 31st December 2017.

12 Deferred income

	Deferred modifie	2017 €	2016 €
	Other deferred income	34,400	
13	Retirement benefit schemes	0047	0040
	Defined contribution schemes	2017 €	2016 €
	Charge to income and expenditure in respect of defined contribution schemes	9,842	16,731

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for all qualifying employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

14 Members' liability

The company is limited by guarantee, not having a share capital and consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the company on winding up such amounts as may be required not exceeding €1.27.

15 Income and expenditure account

	Opening balance €	Income €	Expenditure €	Closing Balance €
Restricted funds Unrestricted funds	11,133 81,390	398,724 26,845	(418,184) (46,478)	(8,327) 61,757
	92,523	425,569	(464,662)	53,430

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

16 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

The operating lease represents the rental of office space at 14 Gandon House, IFSC, Dublin 2 from third parties. The lease was negotiated over a term of 12 months from October 2017. The annual rental charge is fixed at €52.000.

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, which fall due as follows:

2017	2016
€	€

Within one year 43,333 36,417

17 Controlling party

The company is controlled by the Board of Directors.

18 Approval of financial statements

The directors approved the financial statements on the 27th March 2018